

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAIN BLOCK AEROSOL

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	: STAIN BLOCK AEROSOL	
1.2. Relevant identified uses	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	Solvent borne coating for interior use.	
1.3. Details of the supplier o	f the safety data sheet ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K. Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 70 70 www.polycelltrade.co.uk	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: polycell.advice@akzonobel.com	
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Telephone number	: Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000	
Version	: 9.01	
Date of previous issue	25-9-2016	
SECTION 2: Hazards	s identification	
2.1. Classification of the sul	bstance or mixture	
Product definition	: Mixture	
Classification according to	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	
Aerosol 1 H222 H229		

STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	: 0%
Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity	: 0%

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2

2.2. Label elements

Hazard	pictograms
Παζαι υ	pictograms



Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
Precautionary statements		
General	1	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	1	P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage		P410 - Protect from sunlight. P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light acetone
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ien	<u>its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3. Other hazards		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.
SECTION 3: Compos	iti	on/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

STAIN BLOCK AEROSOL

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			Classification	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% (w/w)	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
butane	EC: 203-448-7 CAS: 106-97-8 Index: 601-004-00-0	≥10 - <25	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas, H280	[2]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC: 265-151-9	≥11 - <16	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1]
, ,	CAS: 64742-49-0 Index: self classification		STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49	≥5 - <7	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
	EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8		Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33	≥4 - <5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1]
.,,	EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2		STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	01-2119455851-35	≥3 - <3.5	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1]
、	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: self classified		STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
ethyl acetate	EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6	≥1 - <1.4	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
	Index: 607-022-00-5		STOT SE 3, H336	
			EUH066 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the

concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

STAIN BLOCK AEROSOL

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the Eye contact evelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. **Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Ingestion If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large	е
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2. Special hazards arising f	fro	m the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	1	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	1	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	1	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	vapour or mist.	
For emergency responders	specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note formation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See formation in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2. Environmental precautions	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contamivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance equilations.		
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent mater arth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for ccording to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean wi woid using solvents.	disposal	
6.4. Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective ec See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.	quipment.	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.
	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. **Information on fire and explosion protection** Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids	150	500
C8: Extremely flammable (R12 or any flammable maintained at temperature > boiling point)	10	50

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
butane	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 1810 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1450 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 3620 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
DNELs/DMELs		
No DNELs/DMELs available.		
PNECs		
No PNECs available		
8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	-	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	-	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection		
Hand protection		
combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must The instructions and informat replacement must be follower Gloves should be replaced re Always ensure that gloves ar The performance or effective maintenance. Barrier creams may help to p	be tior d. egu re f	or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or greater than the end use time of the product. In provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and alarly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. There from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. Is of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has
occurred.		
Gloves		For prolonged or repeated contact use protective gloves. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Skin should be washed after contact.
		Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended gloves: Viton® or Nitrile Breakthrough Time: 480 min
		When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

		NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.
		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	-	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
		OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
		When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
		Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.
		Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)
		The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.
		Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.
		Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure : Do controls

Environmental exposure : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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9.1. Information on basic physica	and chemical properties
Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Not available.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling	: 10.1°C
range	
Flash point	: Closed cup: -18°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.77
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 1.18 cm ² /s
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
9.2. Other information	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
No additional information.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2. Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5. Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit		- - - - 24 hours 100 microliters	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		•		
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary Mutagenicity	: Not available.				
Conclusion/Summarv	: Not available.				

conclusion/Summary	· NOL available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light acetone naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
ethyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

1

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	-	Readily

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.6. Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
VPVD	 Not applicable. vP: Not available. vB: Not available.
vPvB	P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.
PBT	: Not applicable.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv	/B assessment
Mobility	: Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	1	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	:	Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

ADR	IMDG
UN1950	UN1950
AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
2	2.1
-	-
Not applicable.	Not applicable.
No.	No.
	Not available.
	UN1950 AEROSOLS 2 - Not applicable.

STAIN BLOCK AEROSOL

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

14.6 Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.			
HI/Kemler number	Not applicable.			
Emergency schedules (EmS)		F-D,S-U		
14.7 Transport in bu according to Annex MARPOL and the IB	ll of			
Additional information	Tunnel code (D)	-		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Annex XVII - Restrictions
on the manufacture,
placing on the market
and use of certain
dangerous substances,
mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory

VOC

: Not available.

: Listed

2

: Not applicable.

- : At least one component is not listed.
- Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Air

Aerosol dispensers





Extremely flammable

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive. Danger criteria

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

P3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids

C8: Extremely flammable (R12 or any flammable maintained at temperature > boiling point)

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	butane	Carc.	-

International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety : Not applicable. Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

: 1

-	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H220 H222, H229 H225 H226 H280 H304 H319 H335 H336	Extremely flammable gas. Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

SECTION 16: Other information

	H411 H412	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]		AEROSOLS - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
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Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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